

Related Party Transaction Policy

Version 1.4

Revision History

Version No.	Date	Prepared By / Modified By	Overview of Changes	Approved By
1.0	October 21, 2014	R. Swaminathan	Original Policy	Board of Directors
1.1	January 20, 2016	Sneha Padve	Amendment to the Policy	Board of Directors
1.2	March 26, 2019	Sneha Padve	Change of Company Name	Board of Directors
1.3	January 31, 2020	Sneha Padve	Policy amended to incorporate changes in the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015	Board of Directors
1.4	March 30, 2022 Effective date: April 1, 2022	Sneha Padve	Policy amended to incorporate changes in the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015	Board of Directors

1. Introduction

Birlasoft Limited (the "Company" or "Birlasoft") recognizes that Related Party Transactions (as defined below) can present potential or actual conflicts of interest and may raise questions about whether such transactions are consistent with the Company's and its shareholders' best interests. Further, Regulation 23 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ["SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015"] requires every listed entity to frame a policy on materiality of Related Party Transactions and for dealing with and regulating such transactions. Therefore, this Policy regarding the review and approval of Related Party Transactions has been adopted by the Company's Board of Directors ("Board") in order to set forth the procedures under which certain transactions are to be reviewed and approved or ratified by the Audit Committee/Board of Directors/shareholders as per the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 as may be amended.

2. Definitions

- a) In this Policy unless the context otherwise requires:
- i. "Act" means the Companies Act, 2013 and rules issued thereunder.
- ii. **"Arm's length transaction"** shall mean a transaction between two related parties that is conducted as if they were unrelated, so that there is no conflict of interest.
- iii. **"Audit Committee or Committee"** means Committee of Board of Directors of the Company constituted under Regulation 18 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.
- iv. **"Board of Directors"** or "**Board"**, in relation to the Company, means the collective body of the directors of the Company.
- v. "Key Managerial Personnel" means
 - a) Managing Director, or Chief Executive Officer or Manager
 - b) Whole-time Director;
 - c) Company Secretary;
 - d) Chief Financial Officer;
 - e) such other officer, not more than one level below the directors who is in whole-time employment, designated as key managerial personnel by the Board; and
 - f) such other officer as may be prescribed.
- vi. **"Material Related Party Transaction"** means the transaction/transactions to be entered into, individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds one thousand crore or ten percent of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per the last audited financial statements of the company, whichever is lower.

Further, a transaction involving payments made to a related party with respect to brand usage or royalty shall be considered material if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceed five percent of the annual consolidated turnover of the company as per the last audited financial statements of the company.

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- vii. "Material Modifications" shall mean: triggering of any of the following conditions whether individually or in aggregate:
 - a) Change in overall transaction value of Related Party Transaction beyond 10 % or
 - b) As may be decided by the Audit Committee on case to case basis
- viii. **"Policy"** means this Related Party Transaction Policy.
- ix. **"Related Party"** shall mean related party as defined in Section 2(76) of the Companies Act and Regulation 2(1)(zb) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, as may be amended from time to time or under the applicable accounting standards.

And includes the following:

- a) Any person or entity forming a part of the promoter or promoter group of the company;
- any person or any entity, holding such percentage of equity shares in the Company, as may be specified in the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, either directly or on a beneficial interest basis as provided under section 89 of the Companies Act, 2013, at any time, during the immediate preceding financial year;
- x. **"Related Party Transaction/RPT"** means a transaction involving a transfer of resources, services or obligations between:
 - a) the Company or any of its subsidiaries on one hand and a related party of the Company or any of its subsidiaries on the other hand; or
 - b) the Company or any of its subsidiaries on one hand, and any other person or entity on the other hand, the purpose and effect of which is to benefit a related party of the listed entity or any of its subsidiaries, with effect from April 1, 2023;

regardless of whether a price is charged and a "transaction" with a related party shall be construed to include a single transaction or a group of transactions in a contract;

Provided that the following shall not be Related Party Transaction:

- a) the issue of specified securities on a preferential basis, subject to compliance of the requirements under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- b) the following corporate actions by the Company which are uniformly applicable/offered to all shareholders in proportion to their shareholding:
 - a. payment of dividend;
 - b. subdivision or consolidation of securities;
 - c. issuance of securities by way of a rights issue or a bonus issue; and
 - d. buy-back of securities.
- c) and such transactions as may be specified by SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and/ or the Act from time to time.
- xi. **"Relative"** means relative as defined in the Companies Act, 2013, and rules prescribed thereunder.
- b) Unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions used in this policy and not defined herein but defined in the Act and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, as may be amended from time to time, shall have the meaning respectively assigned to them therein.

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3. Identification of potential Related Party Transactions

Each director and Key Managerial Personnel is responsible for providing notice to the Board or Audit Committee of any potential Related Party Transaction involving him or her or his or her Relative, including any additional information about the transaction that the Board/Audit Committee may reasonably request. Board/Audit Committee will determine whether the transaction does, in fact, constitute a Related Party Transaction requiring compliance with this policy.

The Company strongly prefers to receive such notice of any potential Related Party Transaction well in advance so that the Audit Committee/Board has adequate time to obtain and review information about the proposed transaction.

4. Approvals related to Related Party Transactions

4.1. Audit Committee

- a. Related Party Transactions and subsequent modifications thereto shall require prior approval of the Audit Committee of the Company.
- b. Related Party Transactions to which subsidiary of the Company is a party but the Company is not a party, shall require prior approval of the Audit Committee if the value of the transaction (individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year) exceeds 10 percent of the annual consolidated turnover, as per the last audited financial statements of the Company. With effect from April 1, 2023, aforesaid limit shall be ten percent of the annual standalone turnover as per the last audited financial statements of the Subsidiary.
- c. The Audit Committee shall while considering any Related Party Transaction be provided with all material facts, all relevant material information, including the terms of the transaction, the business purpose of the transaction, the benefits to the Company and to the Related Party, and any other relevant matters, as may be required for taking an informed decision. The Audit Committee while considering any Related Party Transaction can:
 - i. approve the Related Party Transaction; or
 - ii. approve the Related Party Transaction on omnibus basis
 - iii. where it is not able to approve or reject, forward its recommendation to the Board, or
 - iv. disapprove the Related Party Transaction and in such case, record the reasons for such rejection.
- d. The Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for Related Party Transactions proposed to be entered into by the company subject to the following conditions:
 - i. The Audit Committee shall lay down the criteria that shall be considered for granting omnibus approval to Related Party Transactions and such approval shall be applicable in respect of transactions which are repetitive in nature.
 - ii. The Audit Committee shall satisfy itself regarding the need for such omnibus approval and that such approval is in the interest of the Company.

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iii. While granting omnibus approval, the Audit Committee shall specify (i) the name/s of the related party, nature of transaction, period of transaction, maximum amount of transaction that can be entered into, (ii) the indicative base price / current contracted price and the formula for variation in the price if any and (iii) such other conditions as the Audit Committee may deem fit;

Provided that where the need for Related Party Transaction cannot be foreseen and aforesaid details are not available, Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for such transactions subject to their value not exceeding Rs.1 crore per transaction.

- e. Audit Committee shall review, at least on a quarterly basis, the details of RPTs entered into by the company pursuant to each of the omnibus approval given.
- f. Such omnibus approvals shall be valid for a period not exceeding one year and shall require fresh approvals after the expiry of one year.
- g. Where the Audit Committee is not approving or rejecting any Related Party Transaction, the Committee can also decide to put up such transaction before the Board and the Board shall consider the same accordingly.
- h. Where with respect to any transaction which is proposed to be entered into with any related party, it is not clear whether such transaction will be treated as a related party, the Company may take assistance of outside counsel.
- i. Only those members of the Audit Committee who are Independent Directors shall approve any Related Party Transaction. Any member of the Committee who has a potential interest in any Related Party Transaction will recuse himself or herself and abstain from discussion and voting on the approval of the said transaction.

4.2. Board

Following Related Party Transactions shall require the approval of Board:

- i. Where the transaction is not in ordinary course of business and/ or not at arm's length as specified in Section 188(1) of the Act, such Related Party Transaction shall require approval of the Board at their meeting as required under the Act or rules made thereunder and statutory modification or enactment thereof.
- ii. Transactions other than those mentioned in (i) and/or subsequent material modifications, which are referred by the Audit Committee, shall be placed for consideration for approval of the Board.
- iii. Material Related Party Transactions

4.3 Shareholders

Following Related Party Transactions shall require the approval of shareholders:

i. All Material Related Party Transactions & subsequent material modifications therein can be entered into only after obtaining the prior approval of the Company's shareholders by way of a resolution, as prescribed in the Act and/or the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, irrespective of whether such Related Party Transactions have been entered into in the ordinary course of business of the Company or

otherwise, and the Related Parties shall abstain from voting in favour of such resolution.

ii. All contracts or arrangements with Related Parties as outlined under Section 188, other than those entered into on an arm's length basis or in the ordinary course of business shall require the approval of the shareholders of the Company by way of a resolution, as prescribed in the Companies Act if the conditions and thresholds prescribed in the Companies Act read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, are satisfied.

5. Review and Approval of Related Party Transactions

To determine the need of a Related Party Transaction, the Audit Committee will be provided with all relevant material information of the Related Party Transaction, including the terms of the transaction, the business purpose of the transaction, the benefits to the Company and to the Related Party, and such other information as required under the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and the Act. In determining whether to approve a Related Party Transaction, the Board/Committee will consider the following factors, among others, to the extent relevant to the Related Party Transaction:

- ✓ Whether the terms of the Related Party Transaction are fair and on arm's length basis to the Company and would apply on the same basis if the transaction did not involve a Related Party;
- ✓ Whether there are any compelling business reasons for the Company to enter into the Related Party Transaction and the nature of alternative transactions, if any;
- ✓ Whether the Related Party Transaction would affect the independence of an independent director;
- ✓ Whether the proposed transaction includes any potential reputational risk issues that may arise as a result of or in connection with the proposed transaction;
- ✓ Whether the Company was notified about the Related Party Transaction before its commencement and if not, why pre-approval was not sought and whether subsequent ratification is allowed and would be detrimental to the Company; and
- ✓ Whether the Related Party Transaction would present an improper conflict of interest for any director or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company, taking into account the size of the transaction, the overall financial position of the director, Executive Officer or other Related Party, the direct or indirect nature of the director's, Key Managerial Personnel's or other Related Party's interest in the transaction and the ongoing nature of any proposed relationship and any other factors the Board/Committee deems relevant.

If the Committee determines that a Related Party Transaction should be brought before the Board, or if the Board in any case elects to review any such matter or it is mandatory under any law for Board to approve the Related Party Transaction, then the considerations set forth above shall apply to the Board's review and approval of the matter, with such modification as may be necessary or appropriate under the circumstances.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following Related Party Transactions shall not require approval of Audit Committee, Board or Shareholders:

a. transactions entered into between a holding company and its wholly owned subsidiary whose accounts are consolidated with such holding company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for

approval.

- b. transactions entered into between two wholly-owned subsidiaries of the listed holding company, whose accounts are consolidated with such holding company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.
- c. resolution plan approved under Section 31 of the Insolvency Code, subject to the event being disclosed to the recognized stock exchanges within one day of the resolution plan being approved.
- d. Such other transactions as specified may be specified by as may be specified by SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and/or the Act from time to time.

An indicative list of the information to be placed before the Audit Committee, Board and the shareholders, as the case may be, for consideration of RPT is given in Annexure A and will include/exclude such other information as may be prescribed by the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and/or the Act as may be amended from time to time.

6. Related Party Transactions Not Approved Under This Policy

Subject to the provisions of the Act and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, in the event the Company becomes aware of a Related Party Transaction with a Related Party that has not been approved under this Policy prior to its consummation, the matter shall be reviewed by the Audit Committee/Board. The Audit Committee/Board shall consider all of the relevant facts and circumstances regarding the Related Party Transaction, and shall evaluate all options available to the Company, including ratification, revision or termination of the Related Party Transaction. The Audit Committee/Board shall also examine the facts and circumstances pertaining to the failure of reporting such Related Party Transaction to the Audit Committee/Board under this Policy and shall take any such action it deems appropriate.

In any case, where the Audit Committee determines not to ratify a Related Party Transaction that has been commenced without approval, the Committee, as appropriate, may recommend the same for approval of Board and/or direct additional actions including, but not limited to, immediate discontinuation or rescission of the transaction. In connection with any review of a Related Party Transaction, the Committee has authority to modify or waive any procedural requirements of this Policy.

If any Related Party Transaction is entered without obtaining the consent of the Board or Shareholders, as the case may be, the same is required to be ratified by the Board or the shareholders, as the case may be, within three months from the date on which such transaction was entered into. The Board shall also examine the facts and circumstances pertaining to the failure of reporting such Related Party Transaction to it under this Policy and shall take any such action it deems appropriate.

If the Related Party Transaction is not ratified by Board or Shareholders as mentioned above, such transaction shall be voidable at the option of the Board or Shareholders, as the case may be, and if the Related Party Transaction is with a party related to any director, the director concerned shall indemnify the Company against any loss incurred by it.

7. Disclosure of Related Party Transactions

a. Every material Related Party Transaction or Related Party Transaction which are not on arm's length basis, entered during the financial year into shall be disclosed to in the Board's report to the shareholders in such manner as may be prescribed under the relevant laws.

- b. Adequate disclosure of all material transactions with related parties shall be disclosed quarterly along with the compliance report on corporate governance.
- c. Details of Related Party Transactions shall be submitted to the stock exchanges in the format and in accordance with the timelines, as specified by SEBI from time to time. A copy of such disclosure shall be posted on the website of the Company.
- d. The particulars of Related Party Transactions should be entered in the register(s) maintained under the Companies Act, 2013, wherever applicable.

8. Disclosure of Policy

This Policy shall be disclosed on the website of the Company and its weblink shall be provided in the Annual Report.

9. Review and amendment of the Policy

The Board of Directors shall, upon the recommendation of the Audit Committee, assess the adequacy of this Policy at least once every three years, and make any necessary or desirable amendments to ensure it remains consistent with the Board's objectives, laws applicable and the best practices from time to time.

In case of any amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s) etc. issued by the relevant authorities, not being consistent with the provisions laid down under this Policy, then such amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s) etc. shall prevail upon the provisions hereunder and this Policy shall stand amended accordingly from the effective date as laid down under such amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s) etc.

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Annexure A

A. Information to Audit Committee:

- a. Type, material terms and particulars of the proposed transaction;
- b. Name of the related party and its relationship with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise);
- c. Tenure of the proposed transaction (particular tenure shall be specified);
- d. Value of the proposed transaction;
- e. The percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction (and for a RPT involving a subsidiary, such percentage calculated on the basis of the subsidiary's annual turnover on a standalone basis shall be additionally provided);
- f. If the transaction relates to any loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary:
 - details of the source of funds in connection with the proposed transaction;
 - where any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments,
 - o nature of indebtedness;
 - o cost of funds; and
 - o tenure;
 - applicable terms, including covenants, tenure, interest rate and repayment schedule, whether secured or unsecured; if secured, the nature of security; and
 - the purpose for which the funds will be utilized by the ultimate beneficiary of such funds pursuant to the RPT.
- g. Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity;
- h. A copy of the valuation or other external party report, if any such report has been relied upon;
- i. Percentage of the counter-party's annual consolidated turnover that is represented by the value of the proposed RPT on a voluntary basis;
- j. Any other information that may be relevant

B. The agenda of the Board meeting at which the resolution related to Related Party Transaction is proposed to be moved shall disclose:

- a. name of the Related Party and nature of relationship;
- b. nature, duration and particulars of the contract or arrangement;
- c. material terms of the contract or arrangement including the value, if any
- d. any advance paid or received for the contract or arrangement, if any; the manner of determining the pricing and other commercial terms, both included as part of contract and not considered as part of the contract;
- e. whether all factors relevant to the contract have been considered, if not, the details of factors not considered with the rationale for not considering those factors; and
- f. any other information relevant or important for the Board to take a decision on the proposed transaction.

C. Information to be provided to shareholders:

- a. Name of the related party, name of the director or key managerial personnel who is related, if any; nature of relationship;
- b. Nature, material terms, monetary value and particulars of the contract or arrangement; (e) any
- c. A summary of the information provided by the management of the Company to the audit committee
- d. Justification for why the proposed transaction is in the interest of the Company;
- e. Where the transaction relates to any loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by



the Company or its subsidiary, the below details to be provided;

- details of the source of funds in connection with the proposed transaction;
- where any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments,
 - o nature of indebtedness;
 - o cost of funds; and
 - o tenure;
- applicable terms, including covenants, tenure, interest rate and repayment schedule, whether secured or unsecured; if secured, the nature of security; and
- the purpose for which the funds will be utilized by the ultimate beneficiary of such funds pursuant to the RPT.
- f. A statement that the valuation or other external report, if any, relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the proposed transaction will be made available through the registered email address of the shareholders;
- g. Percentage of the counter-party's annual consolidated turnover that is represented by the value of the proposed RPT, on a voluntary basis;
- h. Any other information that may be relevant.



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